

Key to Skinner Dataset Names and Abbreviations

China

(Including Chinawide, China Proper, and individual macroregion files)

	Census	Central Places	Areal Units	Systems
1820-1893		ChinaW (capitals at all levels)		
1982-1985	ChinaV	ChinaC (<i>zhen</i> towns and above)	ChinaZ (county-level units)	
1990	ChinaS (Household sample)	ChinaT (cities and towns)	ChinaA (county-level units)	
	ChinaP (cluster sample)			ChinaR (Regional City Systems, 1990-2000)
2000		ChinaD (operationally, ChinaDX (townships) generated from mergers of ChinaX units)	ChinaX ChinaB (counties)	
Cross-time files (equivalent spatial units constructed for multiple dates by merging or splitting units in the single-date files)	ChinaVS	ChinaT ID numbers appear in ChinaDX where the units are equivalent. Some efforts were made to redefine units in ChinaT based on ChinaDX mergers.	ChinaAZ ChinaAB ChinaZAB	

Shandong and Region 2.3

	Markets	Central Places	Areal Units	Systems
1988-1990	ShandongM	ShandongS	ShandongX (township-level units)	ShandongE (Greater City Systems)

Japan

	Central Places	Areal Units
Meiji-era	JapanT	JapanG (<i>kuni</i> and <i>gun</i>)

Japan study areas

Various dates and coverage	2V, 8V	MinoM	OwariJ	OwariK
----------------------------	--------	-------	--------	--------

France

	Communes	Cantons	Arrondissements	Cities
1806-1896	FranceM	FranceN	FranceA	FranceC

Common abbreviations

ACASIAN	Australian Center for the Asian Spatial Information & Analysis Network at Griffith University
alb	Albers Equal-Area, map projection used for presentation maps of China
BIIC	Beijing Institute of Information and Control (census data center)
CDC	China Data Center, University of Michigan
CHGIS	China Historical GIS Project, Harvard and Fudan
cp	central places (i.e., points representing cities and towns)

Skinner – Dataset Key (filenames and abbreviations) (inventory id:16)

CP	China Proper (Han-dominated areas, roughly corresponding to the 18 Provinces of the Qing dynasty)
CPZ	core-periphery zones (1=core, 7=periphery)
DCW	Digital Chart of the World
DEM	digital elevation model
FD units	Fully Differentiated, i.e., the smallest administrative divisions for which statistics are reported, prior to merging units for cross-time or functional analytical purposes
FS	Family Systems
GB	<i>guobiao</i> , national standard (specifically, for administrative unit numbering systems)
GCS	Greater City Systems (hierarchical level 5)
GDI	GLF Demographic Impact project (1982-90 data on spatial and temporal distribution of missing births from 1958-61)
GLF	Great Leap Forward (China, 1958-1961)
GU	Griffith University, Australia
HRS	Hierarchical Regional Space model
HUSpower	Husband (or Conjugal) Power project (status differences of partners affects reproductive choices)
hy, hydro	hydrography (rivers and lakes)
hypso	hypsography (elevation contours)
KKTC	Meiji-era Japanese tax records
LUH	Level in the Urban Hierarchy (1=apex, 8 or 9=lowest level)
MainBib	Main Bibliography project and file
MC units	Municipal Compatible units: mergers of FD or MQ units to encompass a functional city. The county-level analyses of ChinaA and ChinaB primarily use MC units.
MQ units	Merged Qu units: units constructed by merging records for <i>qu</i> (districts) with the record for their central city (usually a county-level <i>shi</i>)
MR	Macroregion
NIMA	National Imagery and Mapping Agency

Skinner – Dataset Key (filenames and abbreviations) (inventory id:16)

OSA	Offspring Sequencing Analysis
OSI	Occupational Stratification Index (for ranking the relative urban status of occupations in LUH analysis)
po	political or administrative (i.e., boundaries of counties and provinces)
pr, prov	province
RC	Regional City
RCS	Regional City Systems (hierarchical level 4)
R1..R9	(Macro)region of China, e.g., R2 for North China Macroregion
RSI	Regional Systems Index
SUI	Substantive Urban Index (based on occupational makeup, for LUH analysis)
sys	Macroregional (sub)system of China, e.g., R2.3 is a subsystem of R2
transnet	transportation network of roads, railroads, and navigable waterways
URI	Urban-Rural Index
URC	Urban-Rural Continuum zones derived from URI (1=high, 7=low)
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator, map projection used for distance calculations
XT units	Cross-time units: mergers of counties or townships to achieve boundaries in common across two or more census dates. The county-level analyses of ChinaAZ, AB, an ZAB primarily use XT units.